To approve the Keystone XL Pipeline.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. Hoeven (for himself, Ms. Landrieu, Mr. McConnell, Ms. Murkowski, Mr. Portman, Mr. Wicker, Mr. Johnson of Wisconsin, Mr. Crapo, Mr. Thune, Mr. Johanns, Mr. Blunt, Mr. Alexander, Mr. Inhofe, Mr. Flake, Mr. Roberts, Mr. Chambliss, Mr. Enzi, Mr. Toomey, Mr. Lee, Mr. Sessions, Mr. Scott, Mr. Coats, Mr. Cornyn, Mr. Kirk, Mr. Isakson, Mr. Grassley, Mr. Rubio, Ms. Fischer, Mr. Coburn, Mr. McCain, Mr. Corker, Mr. Hatch, Mr. Cochran, Mr. Barrasso, Mr. Vitter, Mr. Risch, Mr. Boozman, Mr. Burr, Mr. Graham, Mr. Heller, Mr. Paul, Mr. Moran, Mr. Cruz, Mr. Shelby, Ms. Ayotte, Ms. Collins, Mr. Begich, Mr. Pryor, Ms. Heitkamp, Mr. Warner, Mr. Donnelly, Mr. Manchin, Mr. Walsh, and Mrs. McCaskill) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on ____________

A BILL

To approve the Keystone XL Pipeline.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. KEYSTONE XL APPROVAL.

(a) In general.—TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, L.P. may construct, connect, operate, and maintain the pipeline and cross-border facilities described in the appli-
cation filed on May 4, 2012, by TransCanada Corporation to the Department of State (including any subsequent revision to the pipeline route within the State of Nebraska required or authorized by the State of Nebraska).

(b) **ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STATEMENT.**—The Final Supplemental Environmental Impact Statement issued by the Secretary of State in January 2014, regarding the pipeline referred to in subsection (a), and the environmental analysis, consultation, and review described in that document (including appendices) shall be considered to fully satisfy—

(1) all requirements of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.); and

(2) any other provision of law that requires Federal agency consultation or review (including the consultation or review required under section 7(a) of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1536(a))) with respect to the pipeline and facilities referred to in subsection (a).

(c) **PERMITS.**—Any Federal permit or authorization issued before the date of enactment of this Act for the pipeline and cross-border facilities referred to in subsection (a) shall remain in effect.
(d) Federal Judicial Review.—Any legal challenge to a Federal agency action regarding the pipeline and cross-border facilities described in subsection (a), and the related facilities in the United States, that are approved by this Act, and any permit, right-of-way, or other action taken to construct or complete the project pursuant to Federal law, shall only be subject to judicial review on direct appeal to the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit.

(e) Private Property Savings Clause.—Nothing in this Act alters any Federal, State, or local process or condition in effect on the date of enactment of this Act that is necessary to secure access from an owner of private property to construct the pipeline and cross-border facilities described in subsection (a).